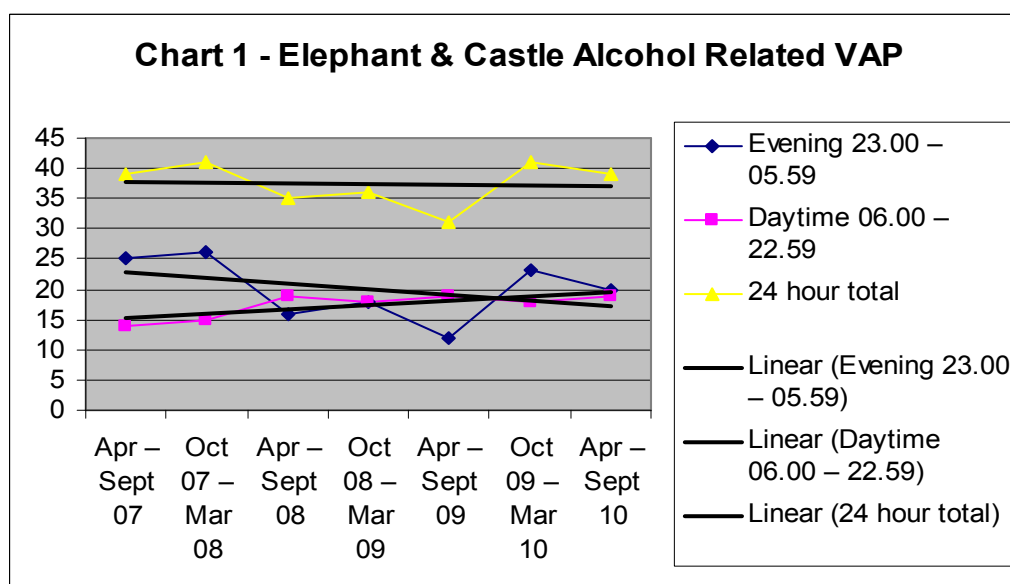


**Elephant & Castle – Further Analysis****Violence against the person**

1. Table 1 / chart 1 below provides comparative figures for alcohol related VAP within the Elephant & Castle area, for the past seven, six-month periods commencing April – September 2007 through to April – September 2010.

<b>Table 1 - Elephant &amp; Castle alcohol related VAP</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 07</b>	<b>Oct 07 – Mar 08</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 08</b>	<b>Oct 08 – Mar 09</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 09</b>	<b>Oct 09 – Mar 10</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 10</b>
<b>Evening 23.00 – 05.59</b>	25	26	16	18	12	23	20
<b>Daytime 06.00 – 22.59</b>	14	15	19	18	19	18	19
<b>24 hour total</b>	39	41	35	36	31	41	39



2. Table 2 provides a breakdown of alcohol-related VAP offences.

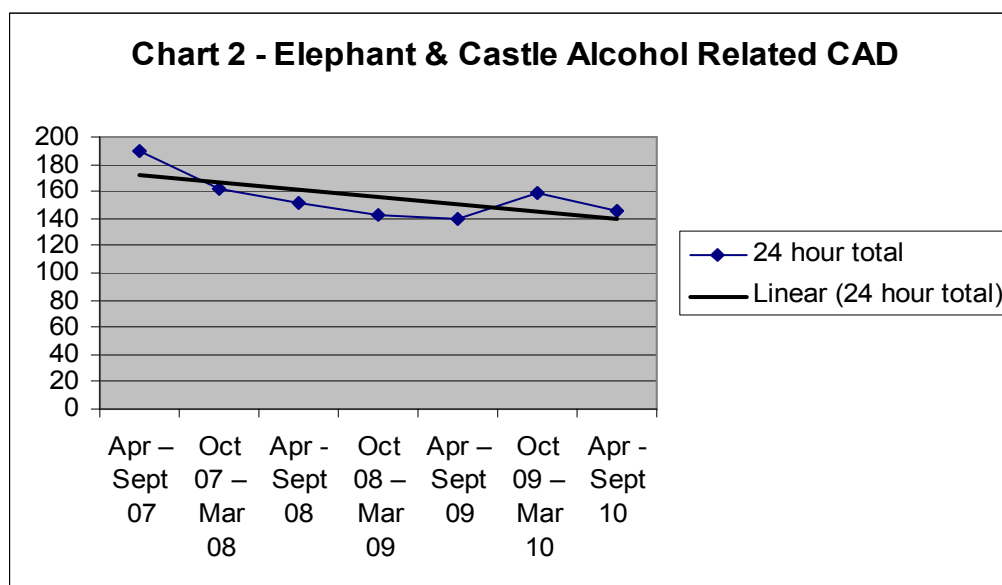
<b>Table 2</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 07</b>	<b>Oct-Mar08</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 08</b>	<b>Oct-Mar 09</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 09</b>	<b>Oct-Mar 10</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 10</b>
<b>Assault with injury</b>	13	13	12	11	13	16	17
<b>Common assault</b>	8	4	5	6	2	7	6
<b>Harassment</b>	12	16	10	13	11	7	9
<b>Offensive weapon</b>	1	4	3	0	0	1	1
<b>Other violence</b>	0	1	2	1	0	3	1
<b>Serious wounding</b>	5	3	3	5	5	7	5
<b>Grand total</b>	39	41	35	36	31	41	39

3. Overall the analysis shows a fairly consistent trend of alcohol related VAP across the span of the monitor, with underlying trends of decreasing evening VAP and increasing daytime VAP. Figures identify that assault with injury has seen a slight increase in recent periods while harassment has seen a slight decrease.
4. Within the evening period, two-thirds of offending occurs at the weekend, with the early hours of Sunday being the peak time. This corresponds with the increased numbers of people frequenting the area to attend the late-night venues. During the daytime period, offending is fairly sporadic and, as such, is difficult to interpret. However, there is an increase in offending from 1500. There are no firm peak days, though more offences occur between Friday and Monday.

#### Alcohol related CAD calls

5. Table 2 / chart 2 provides comparative data regarding alcohol related CAD calls received by the police concerning the Elephant & Castle area, for the past seven, six-month periods commencing December 2006 – May 2007 through to December 2009 – May 2010.

<b>Table 3 - Elephant &amp; Castle area alcohol related CAD calls</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 07</b>	<b>Oct 07 – Mar 08</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 08</b>	<b>Oct 08 – Mar 09</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 09</b>	<b>Oct 09 – Mar 10</b>	<b>Apr – Sept 10</b>
<b>24 hour total</b>	190	162	152	143	140	159	146



6. Table 4 provides a breakdown of alcohol related CAD.

<b>Table 4</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 07</b>	<b>Oct-Mar 08</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 08</b>	<b>Oct-Mar 09</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 09</b>	<b>Oct-Mar 10</b>	<b>Apr-Sep 10</b>
<b>Licensing</b>	6	0	0	1	3	3	2
<b>Rowdy behaviour</b>	156	140	136	124	115	137	130
<b>Street</b>	28	22	16	18	22	19	14

<b>drinking</b>							
<b>Total</b>	190	162	152	143	140	159	146

7. CAD figures have seen a generally decreasing trend across the monitor although there was a spike in the October 2009 to March 2010 figures. CAD calls relate primarily to 'rowdy behaviour'. Licensing calls have remained insignificant. Street drinking calls are at their lowest level under the monitor.
8. Alcohol related disorder, during the daytime period, remains concentrated upon three primary areas. These are the London transport station; the shopping centre; and at bus stops in and around the Elephant & Castle. In the evening, the disorder around the transport network increases.
9. 24.6% of evening alcohol related disorder in this area occurs between 2300 and 0559 hours. Peak times are 1600 – 1900, predominantly Monday to Friday.

#### **Nuisance service requests**

10. Table 5 shows the number of service requests attributed to licensed premises within the saturation area alongside the number of different premises that were subject of complaint.

<b>Table 5</b>	<b>Dec– May 07</b>	<b>Jun– Nov 07</b>	<b>Dec– May 08</b>	<b>Jun– Nov 08</b>	<b>Dec– May 09</b>	<b>Jun– Nov 09</b>	<b>Dec– May 10</b>	<b>Jun– Nov 10</b>
<b>No. of service complaints</b>	0	5	0	4	1	0	1	3
<b>No of licensed premises subject of complaint</b>	0	3	0	3	1	0	1	1

11. The figures show that although the level of service requests received in June – November 2010 has risen, these remain insignificant.

#### **Ambulance data**

12. Between December 2009 and May 2010, the highest level of alcohol related calls received by the London Ambulance Service related to the north-eastern part of the borough, predominantly in Cathedrals, but touching on Grange, Chaucer and Riverside also. This incorporates the Elephant & Castle. While Cathedrals has seen rising figures, however, both Grange and Chaucer figures have fallen.